

My name is Mike Gentile.
(you can call me "Mike")

mgentile@physics.rutgers.edu

Physics 194 - Lecture 10

Welcome!

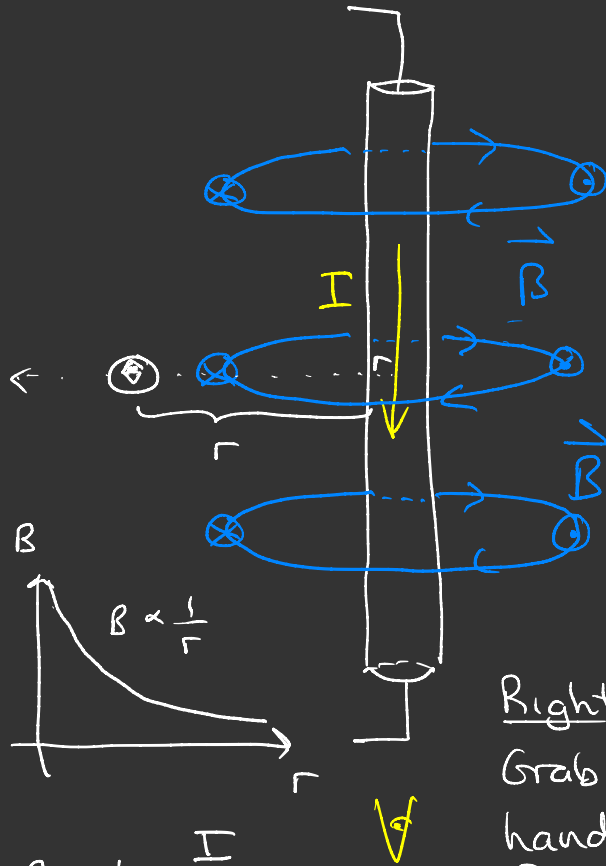
Have a question during class? Please ask it right away, even if it means interrupting in the middle of a thought. I want you to!

Agenda

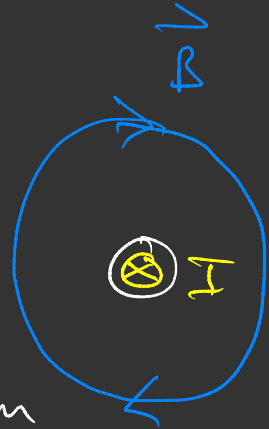
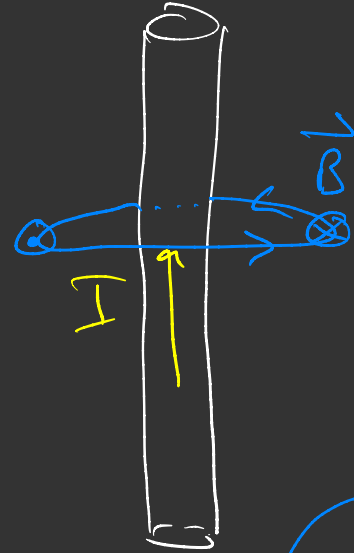
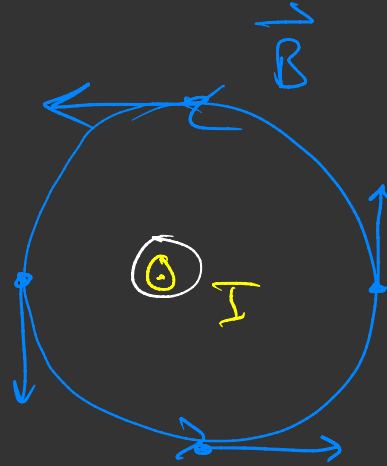
- The magnetic field produced by currents, quantitatively.
- Electromagnetic induction
- The mass spectrometer and the magnetic force exerted on individual particles

Class
starts
@ 2:15 pm

Magnetic field produced by a current



$$B = k_m \frac{I}{r}$$



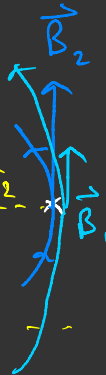
Right hand rule for the \vec{B} -field: \checkmark
Grab the current with your right hand with your thumb in the direction of the current. Your fingers are wrapping around the current in the way the \vec{B} -field does.

$B = \frac{\mu_0}{2\pi} \frac{I}{r}$
 $= k_m$

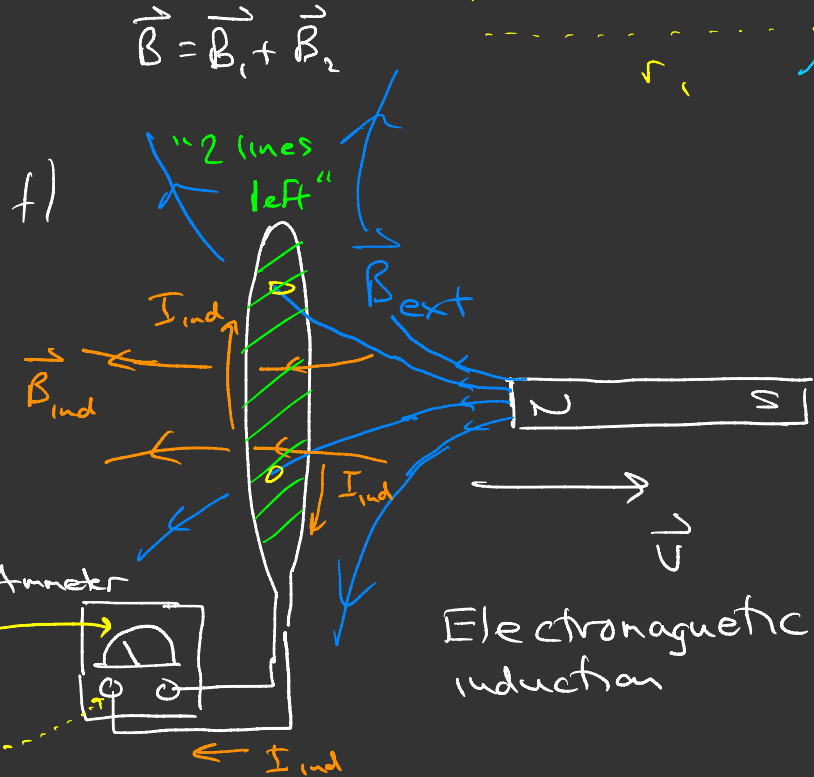
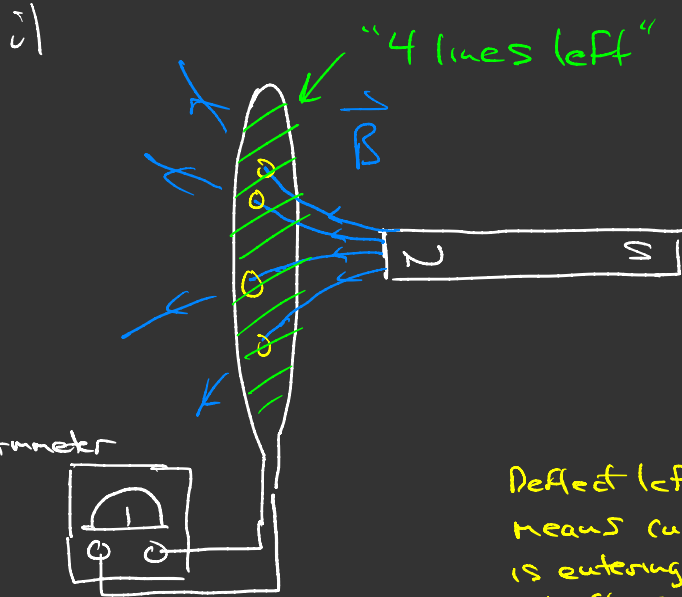
μ_0 : vacuum permeability
 $= 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T}\cdot\text{m/A}$

The magnitude of the B-field produced by a straight current.

2 currents



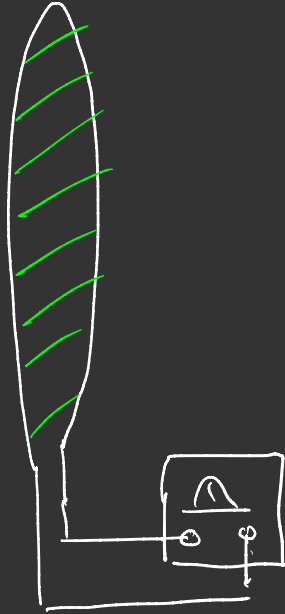
Lab last week!



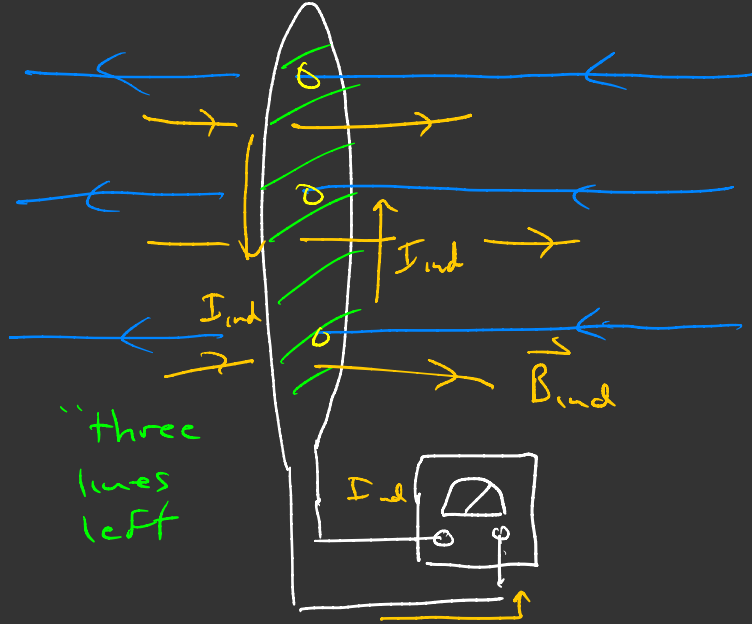
Initial : No \vec{B} -field

Final

$$\vec{B}_{\text{ext}} = 0$$



$$\vec{B}_{\text{ext}}$$



Lenz's law : The induced current I_{ind} will produce an induced \vec{B} -field B_{ind} that attempts to restore the external \vec{B} -field B_{ext} to what it was a moment before.