

My name is Mike Gentile.
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Physics 194 - Lecture 9

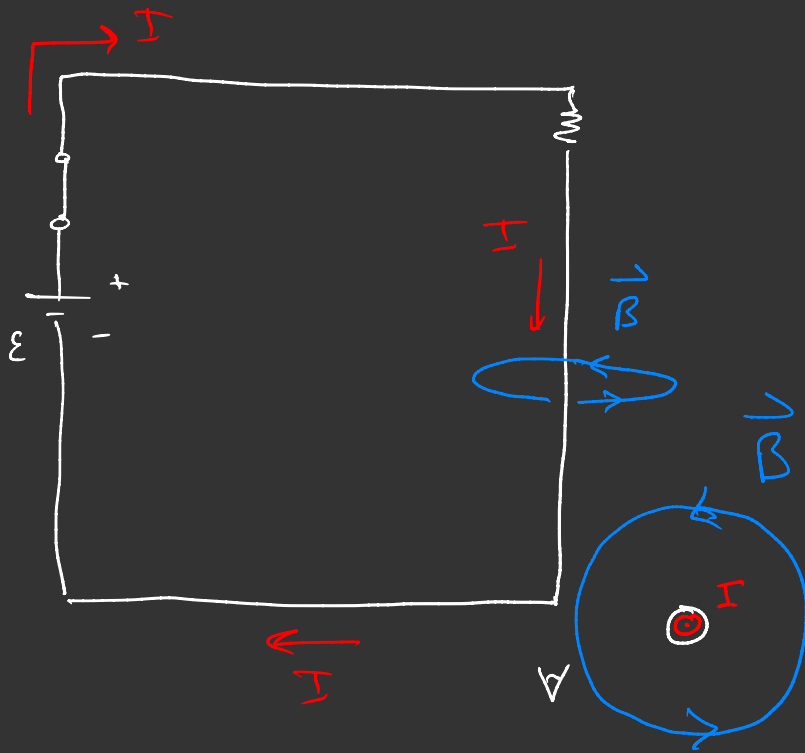
Welcome!

Have a question during class? Please ask it right away, even if it means interrupting in the middle of a thought. I want you to!

Agenda

- The magnetic force, quantitatively
- The magnetic field produced by currents
- The mass spectrometer
- The Hall effect (if there's time)

Class
starts
@ 2:15 pm



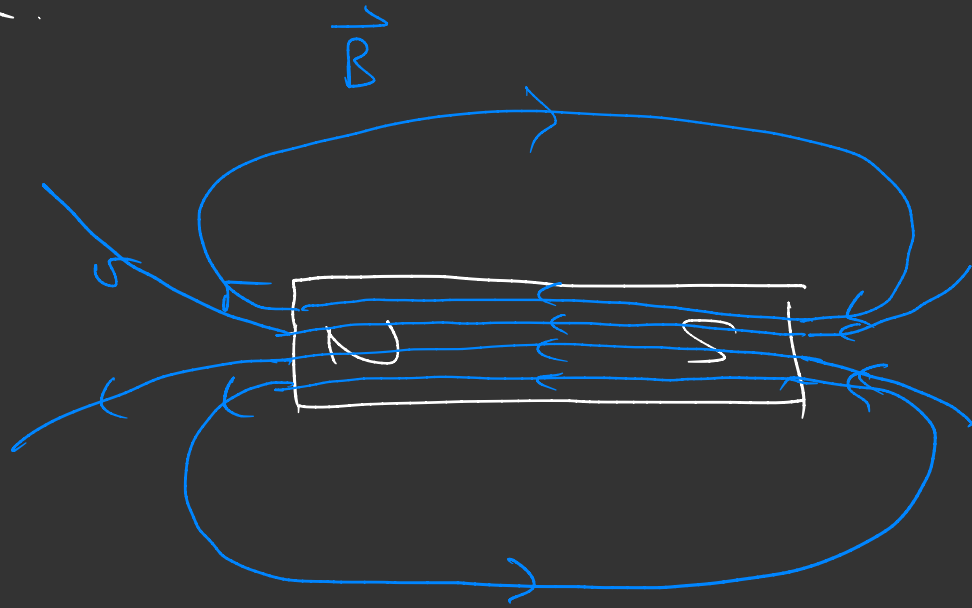
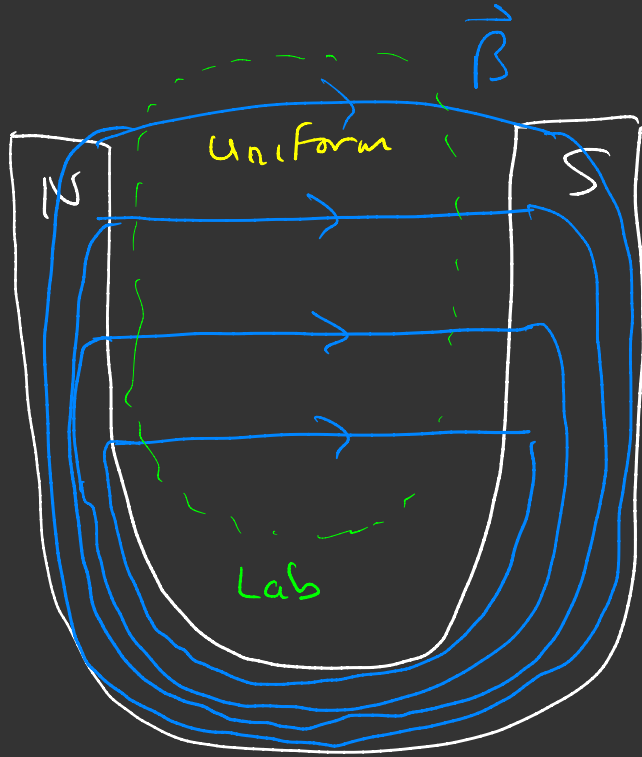
When the current
is flowing the compass
no longer pointed north!

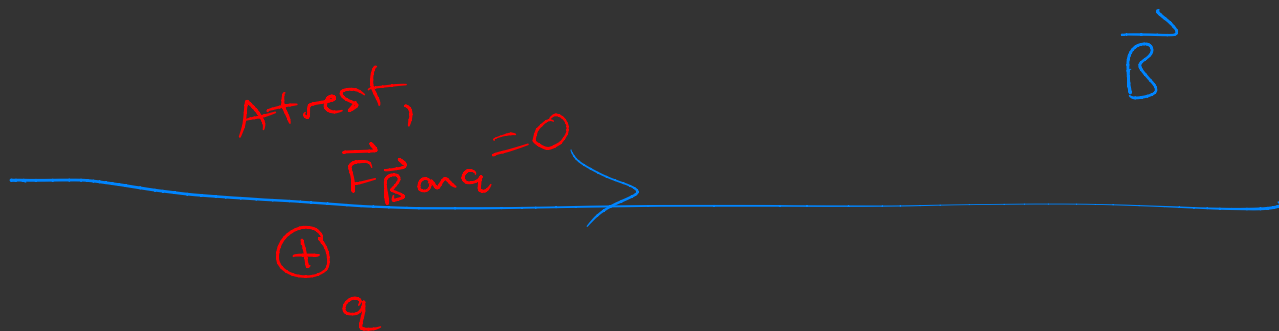


Electric currents
produce a magnetic
field!

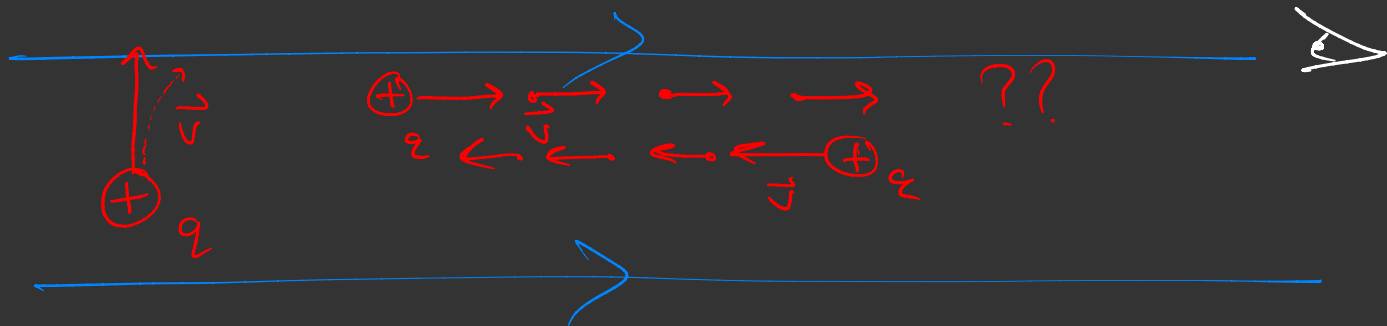
Fundamentally, a moving charged object produces
a magnetic field!

We need to start investigating the magnetic interaction.

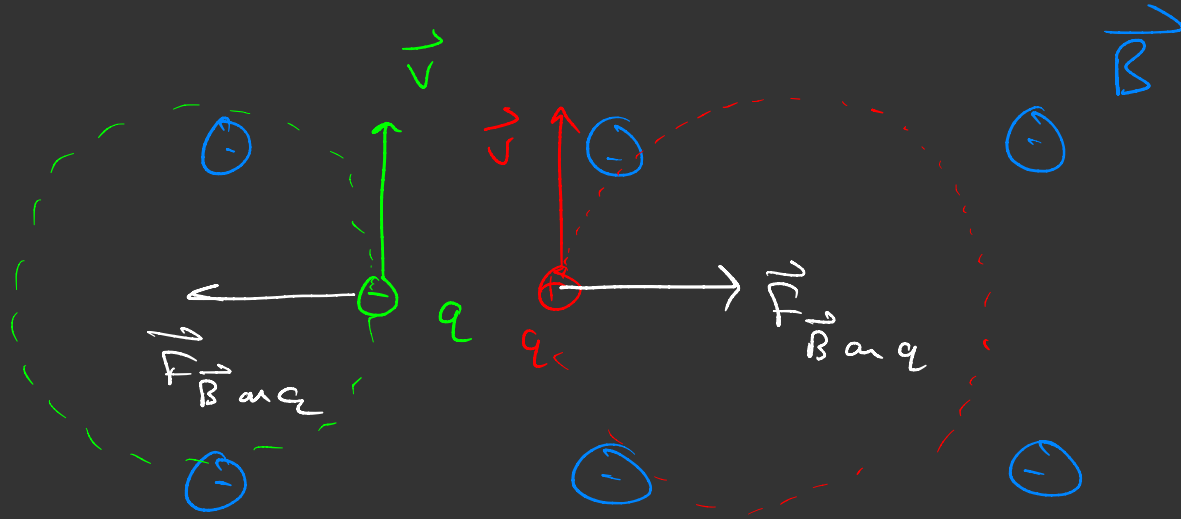




\vec{B}

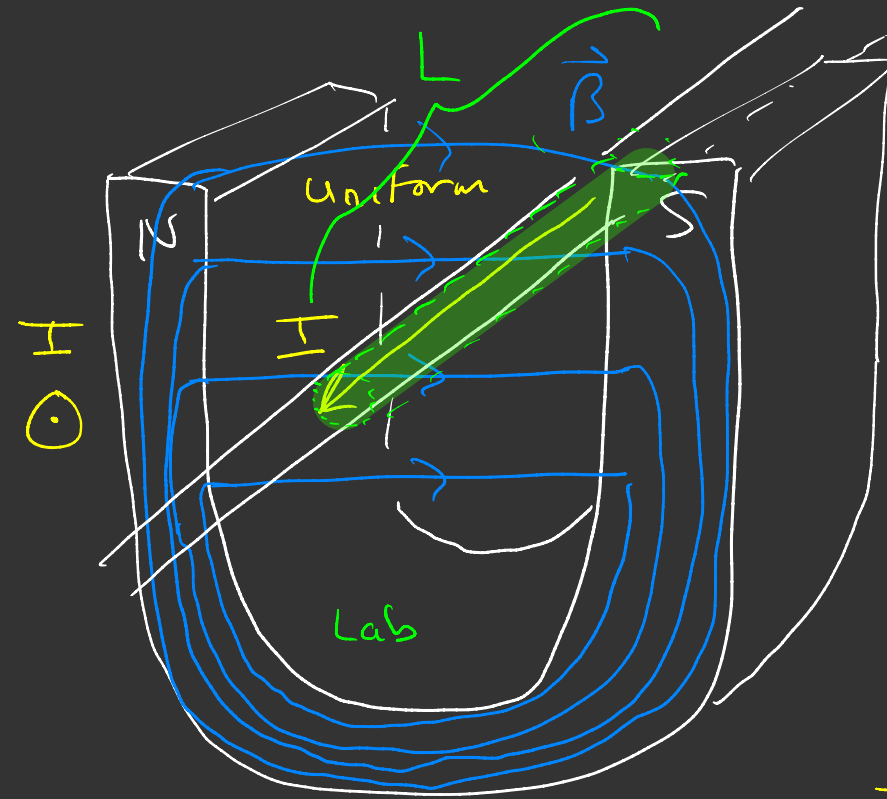


Right hand rule

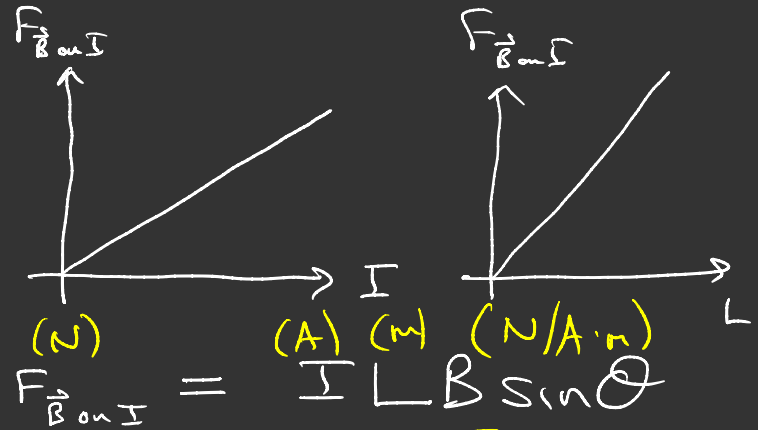


Fingers : \vec{B}
 Thumb : \vec{v}
 Palm : $\vec{F}_{\vec{B} \text{ on } \vec{q}}$

Knuckles : $\vec{F}_{\vec{B} \text{ on } \vec{q}}$

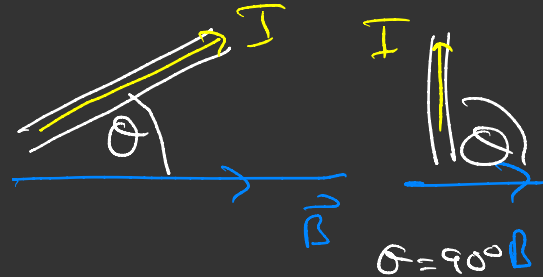
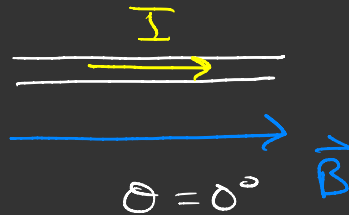


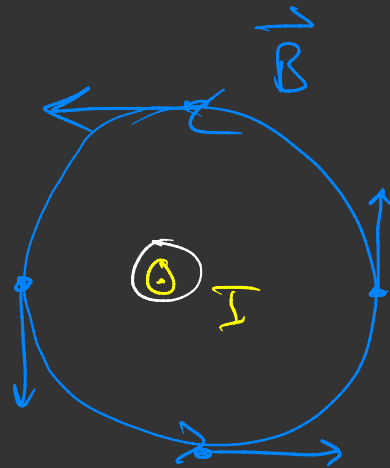
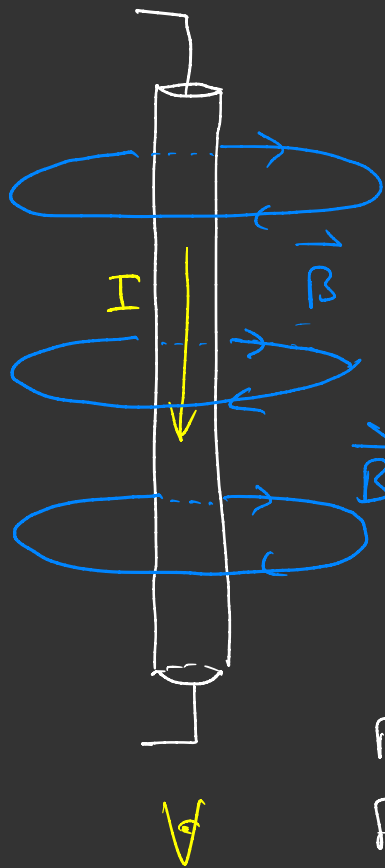
GT: What direction does this wire get pushed by the \vec{B} -field?



$$\frac{N}{A \cdot m} = T \text{ (Tesla)}$$

$$B_{\text{Earth surface}} = 5 \times 10^{-5} T$$





Right-hand-rule
for \vec{B} . Grab the
current w. thumb in the
direction of current.

What about the \vec{B} -field produced by a coil
w. a current in it?

